Reprint as at 30 January 2021



Deaths by Accidents Compensation Act 1952

Public Act 1952 No 35

Date of assent 16 October 1952

Commencement see section 1

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Note

Changes authorised by subpart 2 of Part 2 of the Legislation Act 2012 have been made in this official reprint. Note 4 at the end of this reprint provides a list of the amendments incorporated.

This Act is administered by the Ministry of Justice.

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An Act to consolidate and amend certain enactments relating to actions for damages on behalf of the families of persons killed by accident

1 Short Title and commencement

This Act may be cited as the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Act 1952, and shall come into force on 1 January 1953.

2 Interpretation

(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

child, in relation to any deceased person, means a son, daughter, grandson, granddaughter, stepson, or stepdaughter of the deceased person

dependant, in relation to any deceased person, means any spouse, civil union partner, parent, or child of that person who has suffered injury as a result of the death of the deceased person or who might reasonably have expected to enjoy some actual pecuniary benefit if the deceased person had not died, whether or not the spouse, civil union partner, parent, or child was either wholly or partially dependent upon the deceased person before his death

parent, in relation to any deceased person, means a father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, stepfather, or stepmother of the deceased person

spouse and **civil union partner** includes, in relation to a deceased person, a person who—

(a) has been the deceased person's spouse or civil union partner, as the case may be; and

(b) at the time of the deceased person's death, was maintained or entitled to be maintained by the deceased person either wholly or partly, or would, but for the incapacity due to the accident from which the deceased person's death resulted, have been so maintained or entitled.

(2) [Repealed]

Compare: 1908 No 39 s 2; 1936 No 31 s 5

Section 2(1) **child**: amended, on 1 January 1970, by section 12(2) of the Status of Children Act 1969 (1969 No 18).

Section 2(1) **dependant**: amended, on 26 April 2005 (applying only to actions brought in respect of persons who die on or after 25 April 2005), by section 4(1) of the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 2005 (2005 No 7).

Section 2(1) parent: amended, on 1 January 1970, by section 12(2) of the Status of Children Act 1969 (1969 No 18).

Section 2(1) **spouse** and **civil union partner**: inserted, on 26 April 2005 (applying only to actions brought in respect of persons who die on or after 25 April 2005), by section 4(2) of the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 2005 (2005 No 7).

Section 2(1) **wife**: repealed, on 26 April 2005 (applying only to actions brought in respect of persons who die on or after 25 April 2005), by section 4(2) of the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 2005 (2005 No 7).

Section 2(2): repealed, on 1 January 1970, by section 12(2) of the Status of Children Act 1969 (1969 No 18).

3 Act to bind the Crown

This Act shall bind the Crown.

Compare: 1950 No 54 s 5(2)

Part 1 Actions for damages

4 Right of action when death is caused by negligence, etc

- (1) Where the death of a person is caused by any wrongful act, neglect, or default, and the act, neglect, or default is such as would (if death had not ensued) have entitled the party injured to maintain an action and recover damages in respect thereof, the person who would have been liable if death had not ensued shall be liable to an action for damages, notwithstanding the death of the person injured, and although the death was caused under such circumstances as to amount in law to a crime.
- (2) Any such action shall lie whether the cause of action arose before or after the commencement of this Act.
- (3) Not more than 1 action shall lie under this Act for the same subject-matter of complaint.
- (4) This section is subject to sections 317 and 321 of the Accident Compensation Act 2001.

Compare: 1908 No 39 ss 3, 8; 1936 No 31 s 8; 1950 No 58 s 2

Section 4(4): replaced, on 1 April 2002, by section 337(1) of the Accident Compensation Act 2001 (2001 No 49).

Section 4(4): amended, on 3 March 2010, pursuant to section 5(1)(b) of the Accident Compensation Amendment Act 2010 (2010 No 1).

5 Action to be for benefit of family

Every such action shall be for the benefit of the spouse or civil union partner and the parents and children of the person whose death has been so caused.

Compare: 1908 No 39 s 4

Section 5: amended, on 26 April 2005 (applying only to actions brought in respect of persons who die on or after 25 April 2005), by section 5 of the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 2005 (2005 No 7).

6 Persons who may bring action

(1) Every such action shall be brought by and in the name of the executor or administrator of the deceased person:

provided that, where no action is so brought within 6 months after the date of the death of the deceased person, or where within 6 months after the date of the death of the deceased person the executor or administrator declares in writing his desire not to bring the action, or where there is for the time being no executor or administrator of the deceased person, the action may be brought by and in the name of the person, or (if there are more than 1) the names of all or of any of the persons, for whose benefit the action would have been if it had been brought by and in the name of the executor or administrator.

(2) Where any such action is brought by and in the name of any person or persons other than the executor or administrator of the deceased person, the action shall be for the benefit of the same person or persons, and shall be subject to the same procedure, as nearly as may be, as if it were brought by and in the name of the executor or administrator.

Compare: 1908 No 39 ss 5, 10

7 Amount of damages

- (1) In every such action the court may award—
 - (a) such damages as it may think proportioned to the injury resulting from the death to the person or persons for whose benefit the action is brought; and
 - (b) damages in respect of the amount of actual pecuniary benefit which the person or persons for whose benefit the action is brought might reasonably have expected to enjoy if the death had not occurred, whether or not the person or persons have been either wholly or partially dependent upon the deceased person before his death; and
 - (c) damages in respect of the medical and funeral expenses of the deceased person if the expenses have been incurred by the person or any of the persons by whom or for whose benefit the action is brought.

- (2) In awarding damages in any such action the court shall not take into account any gain, whether to the estate of the deceased person or to any dependant, that is consequent on the death of the deceased person.
- (3) Where any such action is tried with a jury, the amount of the damages which may be awarded as aforesaid shall be determined by the jury.

Compare: 1908 No 39 s 5; 1936 No 31 ss 6, 7; 1937 No 38 s 7

8 Plaintiff to deliver full particulars of claim

In every such action the plaintiff on the record shall be required to deliver to the defendant or his solicitor, in or together with the statement of claim, full particulars of the person or persons for whose benefit the action is brought, and of the nature of the claim in respect of which damages are sought to be recovered.

Compare: 1908 No 39 s 9

9 Money paid into court may be paid in one sum

If the defendant pays money into court, it shall be sufficient if he pays it in one sum for the benefit of all persons entitled under this Act as a compensation for his wrongful act, neglect, or default, without specifying the shares into which it is to be divided.

Compare: 1908 No 39 s 7

10 Limitation of actions

- (1) Except as provided in this section, no action shall be brought under this Act after the expiration of 2 years from the date of the death of the deceased person.
- (2) Application may be made to the court, after notice to the intended defendant, for leave to bring such an action at any time within 6 years from the date of the death of the deceased person; and the court may, if it thinks it is just to do so, grant leave accordingly, subject to such conditions (if any) as it thinks it is just to impose, where it considers that the delay in bringing the action was occasioned by mistake or by any other reasonable cause or that the intended defendant was not materially prejudiced in his defence or otherwise by the delay.
- (3) Where any person who is under a disability at the date of the death of the deceased person is entitled, under the proviso to subsection (1) of section 6, to bring an action in respect of that death, that action may be brought, without the leave of the court, within 2 years from the date when he ceased to be under a disability or sooner died, or an application for leave to bring that action may be made under subsection (2) within 6 years from the date when he ceased to be under a disability or sooner died, if when the action (without such leave) is commenced or the application is made, as the case may be,—

- (a) no other person has commenced an action under this Act in respect of the death of the deceased person or made an application for leave to bring such an action; and
- (b) no grant of administration and no order to or election by Public Trust to administer (other than a grant or order or election made more than 5 years from the date of the death of the deceased person) has been made in New Zealand in respect of the estate of the deceased person.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, a person shall be deemed to be under a disability while he is an infant or of unsound mind.

Section 10: replaced, on 11 November 1964, by section 2 of the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 1964 (1964 No 40).

Section 10(3)(b): amended, on 1 March 2002, by section 170(1) of the Public Trust Act 2001 (2001 No 100).

Part 2 Apportionment of damages

11 Interpretation

For the purposes of this Part,—

- (a) the expression **trustee** means Public Trust except where the court appoints any other trustee, in which case it means the trustee so appointed:
- (b) without prejudice to the generality of the expression **of unsound mind**, a person shall be conclusively presumed to be of unsound mind while he is detained or kept in custody (otherwise than as a voluntary boarder) under any provision of the Mental Health Act 1911.

Section 11(a): amended, on 1 March 2002, by section 170(1) of the Public Trust Act 2001 (2001 No 100).

Section 11(b): amended, on 30 September 1954, pursuant to section 2(3) of the Mental Health Amendment Act 1954 (1954 No 66).

12 Costs, medical and funeral expenses

Where any damages for which an action lies under this Act are recovered (either in an action or without any action being brought), the costs which are properly payable out of the damages and are not otherwise recovered may be paid thereout, and the amount (if any) recovered in respect of the medical and funeral expenses of the deceased person may be refunded to the person or persons who paid them, and the balance of the damages may be allotted or disposed of by the court as provided in the following provisions of this Part.

Compare: 1908 No 39 s 6

13 Damages may be allotted to a dependant or held as class fund

- (1) Where the court makes an order under this Part and is satisfied that there was only 1 dependant of the deceased person, the balance of the damages shall be allotted to that dependant.
- (2) Where the court makes an order under this Part and is satisfied that there were 2 or more dependants, the court may order—
 - (a) that the balance of the damages or so much thereof as it may specify shall be allotted to any dependant exclusively, or shall be allotted in such proportions as the court determines among the dependants or among such 2 or more of them to the exclusion of the other or others of them as the court specifies:
 - (b) that the balance of the damages or so much thereof as it may specify shall be held on trust as a class fund for the benefit of the dependants or of such 2 or more of them to the exclusion of the other or others of them as the court specifies.

14 Disposition of damages allotted to a dependant

- (1) Where any amount is allotted to a dependant under section 13, that amount shall be paid to him unless he is an infant or of unsound mind or except in so far as the court orders that the whole or any part of that amount shall be held on trust under subsection (2).
- (2) Where any amount is allotted to any dependant who is an infant or of unsound mind or the court orders that the whole or any part of the amount allotted to a dependant is to be held on trust for that dependant under this subsection, then, except so far as the court directs any immediate payment therefrom, and subject to any directions or conditions given or imposed by the court—
 - (a) the amount shall be invested and held by the trustee upon trust—
 - (i) to make such payments (if any) to the dependant out of the income and capital of the amount as the court may specify; and
 - (ii) to apply the income and capital of the amount or so much thereof as the trustee from time to time thinks fit for or towards the maintenance or education (including past maintenance or education provided after the death of the deceased person) or the advancement or benefit of the dependant:
 - (b) the dependant shall have no power, either by himself or in conjunction with any other person or persons, to terminate the trusts upon which the amount is held or to modify or extinguish those trusts:
 - (c) the interest of the dependant in the income and capital of the amount shall not, while it remains in the hands of the trustee, be alienated, or pass by bankruptcy, or be liable to be seized, sold, attached, or taken in execution by process of law.

- (3) Upon any dependant ceasing to be an infant or of unsound mind while any amount is held on trust for his benefit under subsection (2), the balance of that amount and of the income therefrom remaining in the hands of the trustee shall be paid to the dependant except in so far as the court may have ordered before the payment is made that the whole or any part of that amount shall continue to be held on trust under that subsection:
 - provided that where the trustee has notice that an application has been made to the court for such an order he shall not make any payment under this subsection until the application has been disposed of.
- (4) The court may order that, if any dependant dies while any amount allotted to him is held on trust under subsection (2) (whether or not he is an infant or of unsound mind) any balance of the amount and of the income therefrom remaining in the hands of the trustee at his death, or so much thereof as the court may specify, shall form part of the dependant's estate, or shall be added to the amount allotted to any other dependant or to the amounts allotted to all or any of the other dependants in such proportions as the court may specify or to any class fund set aside out of the balance of the damages, and shall be subject to the trusts of the amount or amounts or fund to which it is added:

provided that if and so far as that balance is not wholly disposed of under any order of the court made during the lifetime of the dependant for whose benefit it had been held, or made on an application to the court made not later than 6 months after that dependant's death, it shall form part of his estate.

Compare: 1939 No 39 s 14

15 Class fund

Where any amount is to be held on trust as a class fund for any dependants under subsection (2) of section 13, that amount shall be invested and the trustee may at his discretion, but subject to such directions and conditions as the court may give or impose, apply the income and capital of that amount or so much thereof as the trustee from time to time thinks fit for or towards the maintenance or education (including past maintenance or education provided after the death of the deceased person) or the advancement or benefit of those dependants or of any 1 or more of them to the exclusion of the other or others of them in such shares and proportions and generally in such manner as the trustee from time to time thinks fit; and may so apply the income and capital of that amount notwithstanding that only 1 of those dependants remains alive.

16 Power of court to authorize advances, etc

(1) The court may from time to time, at its discretion, authorize moneys to be advanced to any dependant (whether by way of loan or otherwise) as it thinks fit, and upon or subject to such conditions as it thinks fit, out of the damages or out of any amounts allotted to other dependants or out of any amount held on trust as a class fund, for any purpose that the court thinks proper in the interests of the dependants or any of them. Without limiting the generality of this sub-

section, it is hereby declared that any such advance may be made for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring a residential property for the use of the dependant either alone or in conjunction with any other dependants, or for the purpose of repaying any moneys secured by way of mortgage or otherwise on any residential property owned by the dependant and so used, or for the purpose of furnishing any such residential property. Where moneys are advanced by way of loan, the court may give such directions as it thinks fit in respect of the security to be taken, and may either prescribe the conditions upon or subject to which the moneys are to be advanced or authorize the trustee to prescribe the conditions at his discretion. The conditions may include power to the trustee to remit interest and principal moneys or any part thereof to the extent of the amount or value of any maintenance, education, advancement, or benefit which the dependant to whom the moneys are advanced may provide for any other dependants.

(2) The court may exercise any power under section 130 of the Trusts Act 2019 (which relates to variation or extension of trustees' powers in relation to property) either on the creation of any trust under any of the provisions of this Part or from time to time during the continuance of any such trust.

Section 16(2): amended, on 30 January 2021, by section 161 of the Trusts Act 2019 (2019 No 38).

17 Variation of orders

The court may at any time vary any order made by it either before or after the commencement of this Act in respect of damages which have been recovered (either in an action or without an action being brought) under this Act or under the corresponding provisions of any former Act and in respect of the income therefrom so far as the damages and income are for the time being in the hands of a trustee as aforesaid or in the hands of Public Trust or any other trustee under Part 9A of the Protection of Personal and Property Rights Act 1988 or sections 103 to 110 of the Contract and Commercial Law Act 2017.

Section 17: amended, on 1 September 2017, by section 347 of the Contract and Commercial Law Act 2017 (2017 No 5).

Section 17: amended, on 1 March 2002, by section 170(1) of the Public Trust Act 2001 (2001 No 100).

18 Considerations to be taken into account in making or varying order

In making or varying an order under this Part the court shall have regard to all relevant considerations including, where the damages are recovered in an action which is tried with a jury, any recommendation which the jury may make in respect of the order; and the court may, whenever it considers that it is just and proper to do so, take into consideration all or any of the following matters:

(a) any gain to any dependant that is consequent on the death of the deceased person; and

- (b) circumstances which have arisen after the date of the death of the deceased person; and
- (c) the probable future needs of the dependants.

19 Persons who may apply for order or variation of order

An order or variation of an order under this Part may be made by the court of its own motion or on an application made by—

- (a) any dependant of the deceased person;
- (b) the spouse or civil union partner of any such dependant;
- (c) any near relation by blood or marriage or civil union of any such dependant;
- (d) Public Trust;
- (e) the trustee who holds the amount to which the application relates; or
- (f) any other person who adduces proof of circumstances which in the opinion of the court make it proper that he should make the application.

Section 19(b): amended, on 26 April 2005 (applying only to actions brought in respect of persons who die on or after 25 April 2005), by section 6(1) of the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 2005 (2005 No 7).

Section 19(c): amended, on 26 April 2005 (applying only to actions brought in respect of persons who die on or after 25 April 2005), by section 6(2) of the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 2005 (2005 No 7).

Section 19(d): amended, on 1 March 2002, by section 170(1) of the Public Trust Act 2001 (2001 No 100).

20 Orders as to damages recoverable before passing of Act

The provisions of this Part shall extend so as to apply to damages that have become recoverable before the passing of this Act under any enactment repealed by this Act except in so far as the damages have been disposed of in accordance with the provisions of any such enactment.

21 Powers of court not affected by certain other Acts

Nothing in Part 9A of the Protection of Personal and Property Rights Act 1988 or in sections 103 to 110 of the Contract and Commercial Law Act 2017 or in any order made by the court under that Part or those sections shall prevent the court from making an order under this Part in respect of any damages to which this Part applies.

Section 21: amended, on 1 September 2017, by section 347 of the Contract and Commercial Law Act 2017 (2017 No 5).

Section 21: amended, on 1 March 2002, by section 170(1) of the Public Trust Act 2001 (2001 No 100).

22 Validation of certain orders previously made

Where the court has made any order before the commencement of this Act and the order was invalid at the time when it was made but would have been valid if this Part had then been in force, the order shall be deemed to have been validly made and the provisions of this Part shall be deemed to have applied to the order as from the time when it was made.

Part 3 Miscellaneous

23 Repeals and savings

- (1) The enactments specified in the Schedule are hereby repealed.
- (2) Without limiting the provisions of the Interpretation Act 1999, it is hereby declared that the repeal of any provision by this Act shall not affect any document made or any thing whatsoever done under the provision so repealed or under any corresponding former provision, and every such document or thing, so far as it is subsisting or in force at the time of the repeal and could have been made or done under this Act, shall continue and have effect as if it had been made or done under the corresponding provision of this Act and as if that provision had been in force when the document was made or the thing was done.

Section 23(2): amended, on 1 November 1999, pursuant to section 38(1) of the Interpretation Act 1999 (1999 No 85).

Schedule Enactments repealed

s 23

Crown Proceedings Act 1950 (1950 No 54)

Amendment(s) incorporated in the Act(s).

Deaths by Accidents Compensation Act 1908 (1908 No 39) (Reprint of Statutes, Vol VI, p 427)

Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 1950 (1950 No 58)

Law Reform Act 1936 (1936 No 31)

Amendment(s) incorporated in the Act(s).

Statutes Amendment Act 1937 (1937 No 38)

Amendment(s) incorporated in the Act(s).

Statutes Amendment Act 1939 (1939 No 39)

Amendment(s) incorporated in the Act(s).

Reprints notes

1 General

This is a reprint of the Deaths by Accidents Compensation Act 1952 that incorporates all the amendments to that Act as at the date of the last amendment to it.

2 Legal status

Reprints are presumed to correctly state, as at the date of the reprint, the law enacted by the principal enactment and by any amendments to that enactment. Section 18 of the Legislation Act 2012 provides that this reprint, published in electronic form, has the status of an official version under section 17 of that Act. A printed version of the reprint produced directly from this official electronic version also has official status.

3 Editorial and format changes

Editorial and format changes to reprints are made using the powers under sections 24 to 26 of the Legislation Act 2012. See also http://www.pco.parliament.govt.nz/editorial-conventions/.

4 Amendments incorporated in this reprint

Trusts Act 2019 (2019 No 38): section 161

Contract and Commercial Law Act 2017 (2017 No 5): section 347

Accident Compensation Amendment Act 2010 (2010 No 1): section 5(1)(b)

Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 2005 (2005 No 7)

Public Trust Act 2001 (2001 No 100): section 170(1)

Accident Compensation Act 2001 (2001 No 49): section 337(1)

Interpretation Act 1999 (1999 No 85): section 38(1)

Status of Children Act 1969 (1969 No 18): section 12(2)

Deaths by Accidents Compensation Amendment Act 1964 (1964 No 40)

Mental Health Amendment Act 1954 (1954 No 66): section 2(3)